

ANNEX C: CONSULTATION PAPER ON EXPENSES AND FUNDING OF CIVIL LITIGATION IN SCOTLAND BILL

RESPONDENT INFORMATION FORM

Please Note this form **must** be returned with your response to ensure that we handle your response appropriately

1. Name/Organisation Organisation Name			
Forum of Scottish Claims Managers			
Title Mr Ms Mrs Mrs Miss D	r Pleas	se tick as appropriate	
Surname			ı
McPhail			
Forename			
Calum			
2. Postal Address			
c/o Zurich Insurance plc			
215 Bothwell Street			
Glasgow			
Postcode G2 7ED Phone 014	1 303 7478	Email calum.mcphail@uk.zurich	
3. Permissions - I am responding as Individual Please tick	/ G k as appropria	Group/Organisation ate	
(a) Do you agree to your response being made available to the public (in Scottish Government library and/or on the Scottish Government web site)? Please tick as appropriate Yes No	(c)	The name and address of your organisation will be made available the public (in the Scottish Government web site).	
being made available to the public (in Scottish Government library and/or on the Scottish Government web site)? Please tick as appropriate Yes No Where confidentiality is not requested, we will make your responses available to the public on the following basis Please tick ONE of the following	(c)	organisation will be made available the public (in the Scottish Government library and/or on the Scottish Government web site). Are you content for your response be made available? Please tick as appropriate	nent
being made available to the public (in Scottish Government library and/or on the Scottish Government web site)? Please tick as appropriate Yes No Where confidentiality is not requested, we will make your responses available to the public on the following basis	(c)	organisation will be made available the public (in the Scottish Government library and/or on the Scottish Government web site). Are you content for your response be made available?	nent

	name and address all available		
		or	
	Yes, make my response available, but not my name and address		
		or	
	Yes, make my response and name available, but not my address		
(d)	may be addressing the issues	you discus mission to	th other Scottish Government policy teams who so. They may wish to contact you again in the do so. Are you content for Scottish Government insultation exercise?
	Please tick as appropriate		⊠ Yes

CONSULTATION QUESTIONS

CHAPTER 1: PROPOSALS ARISING FROM SHERIFF PRINCIPAL TAYLOR'S REVIEW

Α.	SPECUL	ATIVE FEE	AGREEMENTS

Do you think that a lack of cap on speculative fee agreements prevents potential pursuers of
actions from obtaining access to justice? Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Please give reasons for your answers.
Lack of a cap may have an effect on whether a Pursuer accepts what is otherwise a reasonable offer to settle. FSCM believe that speculative fee arrangements are purely a matter for claimants and their lawyers since they are not recoverable from the paying party in Scotland. We are fundamentally opposed to such costs being recoverable from the paying party as this would lead to increased cost of litigation which would ultimately be met by the consumer
2. What impact would the introduction of a cap on speculative fee agreements have on:
(i) Pursuers of actions
This is outside our area of expertise
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
(ii) Defenders of actions
We have no visibility of speculative fee arrangements so are unable to comment
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
(iii) You or your organisation
We have no visibility of speculative fee arrangements so are unable to comment
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
(iii) Other organisations:
We have no visibility of speculative fee arrangements so are unable to comment
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
3. Which group of individuals/organisations are likely to benefit most from a cap on speculative fee agreements?
Our expectation is that the Pursuer would benefit from a cap on speculative fee arrangements
Please explain how these benefits will accrue, and their likely extent if possible
A cap would provide the Pursuer with certainty over the cost of litigation
4. Which group of individuals are likely to be most disadvantaged from a cap on speculative fee agreements?
This is outside our area of expertise

Please explain how these disadvantages will accrue, and their likely extent if possible
n/a
5. What measures could be considered to both identify and mitigate against disadvantages from a cap on speculative fee agreements? This is outside our area of expertise but it would seem appropriate that full information on
advantages and disadvantages should be provided to the Pursuer to allow an informed choice to be made
B. DAMAGES BASED AGREEMENTS
6. Do you think that the inability of solicitors in Scotland to enter into damages based agreements with their client prevents potential pursuers of actions from obtaining access to justice? Yes ☐ No ☒
Please give reasons for your answers.
We understand that many Solicitors in Scotland currently operate claims management companies that already offer damages based agreements to Pursuer clients
7. What is the likely impact on you or your business of allowing damages based agreements to be enforceable by solicitors in Scotland?
Please quantify, if possible.
In our view DBAs are a matter between the claimant, their solicitor and if applicable, the
claims management company. Our concern in relation to DBAs themselves lies in their direct link to the eventual value of
any claim. Claims values may be artificially inflated and the direct stake that a solicitor /
adviser / counsel / management company would have in the outcome, may call the
independence of advice into question.
This clear conflict may give incentive to artificially inflate the damages being sought and in
extreme cases encouraging the furtherance of inappropriate actions. Artificially inflated
claims may also result in some claims being incorrectly raised in the Court of Session resulting in additional cost and pressure on the Courts service.
resulting in additional cost and pressure on the Courts service.
If DBAs are to become a feature of Scottish litigation, it is our position that they should remain irrecoverable from the paying party. It is also our view that they should be regulated.
Togulatoa.
8. Do you think that a lack of cap on damages based agreements prevents potential pursuers of actions from obtaining access to justice? Yes ⊠ No □
Please give reasons for your answers.
Lack of a cap may have an effect on whether a Pursuer accepts what is otherwise a
reasonable offer to settle. FSCM believe that damages based agreements are purely a
matter for claimants and their lawyers since they are not recoverable from the paying party
in Scotland. We are fundamentally opposed to such costs being recoverable from the
paying party as this would lead to increased cost of litigation which would ultimately be met by the consumer
by the condumer
9. What impact would the introduction of a cap on damages based agreements have on:
(i) Pursuers of actions
We believe that the Pursuer would have more certainty regarding expected cost of litigation
and why, and what would they look like
n/a

(ii) Defenders of actions
We have no visibility of damages based agreements so are unable to comment
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
(iii) You or your organisation
We have no visibility of damages based agreements so are unable to comment
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
(iii) Other organisations:
We have no visibility of damages based agreements so are unable to comment
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
10. Which group of individuals/organisations are likely to benefit most from a cap on damages based agreements?
Our expectation is that the Pursuer would benefit from a cap on damages based agreements
Please explain how these benefits will accrue, and their likely extent if possible
A cap would provide the Pursuer with certainty over the cost of litigation
11. Which group of individuals are likely to be most disadvantaged from a cap on damages based agreements?
This is outside our area of expertise
Please explain how these disadvantages will accrue, and their likely extent if possible
n/a
12. What measures could be considered to both identify and mitigate against disadvantages from a a cap on damages based agreements?
In our view there are no disadvantages to a reasonable cap on damages based agreements
13. What impact would these proposals have on excessive charging under damages based agreements?
Our expectation is that a reasonable cap on a % basis would ensure there is no excessive charging
Claims Management Companies
14. Do you agree that the proposed statutory controls should apply to anyone offering a damages based agreement? Yes \boxtimes No \square
Please give reasons for your answer.
This will provide protection for the Pursuer and avoid unregulated practices
15. What should the sanction be for non-compliance with the statutory controls?
Loss of licence and potential for costs awards against them
16. If any of the provisions of the rules are breached then should the agreement become voidable? Yes ☑ No ☐

Please give reasons for your answer.	
Whilst it is not directly relevant to the FSCM representing paying parties, in the interests of access to justice we believe that any breach should void the DBA hence encouraging compliance	
Future Loss	
17. Do you agree that the future loss from the success fee should not be ring-fenced? Yes \square No	
Please give reasons for your answer.	
The Pursuer is recovering future losses for a specific purpose such as cost of necessary future care and these should be ring-fenced to avoid unfair deductions. It could also have the effect of putting additional pressure on public care services if funds are taken from future losses awarded leaving them insufficient to meet the care costs as calculated by the Courts when assessing the award.	
18. What impact would not ring-fencing future loss have on:	
(i) Pursuers of actions	
It could leave them financially exposed for future care and living costs	
and why, and what would they look like	
See 17 above	
(ii) Defenders of actions	
This could lead to artificially inflated claims to offset any deduction via a DBA from the court awarded future losses. This would in effect introduce an element of DBA recoverability as an unintended consequence.	
and why, and what would they look like	
n/a	
(iii) Vou or your organisation	
(iii) You or your organisation This could lead to artificially inflated claims to offset any deduction via a DBA from the court awarded future losses. This would in effect introduce an element of DBA recoverability as an unintended consequence.	
and why, and what would they look like	
n/a	
(iii) Other organisations:	
This is outside our area of expertise	
and why, and what would they look like	
n/a	
Information and Good Guidance	
19. Do you agree that a new code of good practice, applying to all persons and businesses offering damages based agreements, should be developed? Yes \boxtimes No \square	l
Please give reasons for your answer.	
This is necessary to ensure that Pursuers will have certainty on cost of litigation, clarity on what % of damages awarded they will ultimately receive and overall maintain access to justice for the Pursuer	

20. Should a new code of good practice be statutory \square or non-statutory \square (please check box a appropriate)?
Please give reasons for your answer.
We believe that it is imperative that the Pursuer's position is protected and regulation must be effective and provide suitable remedies.
21. Should the development of a new code of good practice be sector-led? Yes No No
Please give reasons for your answer.
We believe that this should fall within the remit of the Scottish Civil Justice Council
C. QUALIFIED ONE-WAY COST SHIFTING
22. Do you think that introducing a system of qualified one-way costs shifting will increase access justice? Yes $\ \square$ No $\ \boxtimes$
Please give reasons for your answer
We do not believe that this would increase access to justice for meritorious Pursuers. If this is to be introduced in Scotland then it must be in conjunction with a mandatory pre-action protocol to dissuade claims which have no merit that are pursued merely "to have a go" because there are no adverse cost consequences. A key outcome for mandatory pre-action protocols should be transparent process which encourages both sides to have an early exchange of information and evidence, to facilitate dialogue and agreement and create a compulsory legacy that can be used if the case litigates without parties starting the process afresh.
23. What impact would the introduction of a system of qualified one-way costs shifting have on: (i) Pursuers of actions
We do not believe that this would increase access to justice for meritorious Pursuers
and why, and what would they look like n/a
IVa
(ii) Defenders of actions
If not accompanied by effective mandatory pre-action protocols, this could have the effect of encouraging non-meritorious claims in the absence of adverse cost implications
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
(iii) You or your organisation
If not accompanied by effective mandatory pre-action protocols, this could have the effect
of encouraging non-meritorious claims in the absence of adverse cost implications
and why, and what would they look like
n/a
(iii) Other organisations:
If not accompanied by effective mandatory pre-action protocols, this could have the effect
of encouraging non-meritorious claims in the absence of adverse cost implications which would increase levels of litigation and would clog up the court system
and why, and what would they look like
n/a

24. Which group of individuals/organisations are likely to benefit most from the introduction of a system of qualified one-way costs shifting?	ì
Pursuers' Agents, as they will be at little or no risk if pursuing unmeritorious claims	
Please explain how these benefits will accrue, and their likely extent if possible	
n/a	
25. Which group of individuals are likely to be most disadvantaged from the introduction of a sy of qualified one-way costs shifting?	⁄stem
Defenders, Paying Parties and the Courts Service.	
Please explain how these disadvantages will accrue, and their likely extent if possible	
Additional costs introduced through increased unmeritorious claims would ultimately be met by private and business consumers	
26. What measures could be considered to both identify and mitigate against disadvantages from	om th

introduction of a system of qualified one-way costs shifting?

Introduction of compulsory pre-action protocols which would regulate pre-litigation behaviour, prepare cases for litigation if necessary, restrict the areas of dispute between parties and mitigate against claims without merit taking advantage of QWOCS

27. Do you agree that the test for losing the benefit of qualified one-way costs shifting should be fraud, abuse of process and in cases of Wednesbury unreasonable behaviour? Yes \boxtimes No \square

Please give reasons for your answer.

We believe that the benefits of QWOCS should be lost if any element of a claim is fundamentally dishonest or where there is fraud or abuse of process

DAMAGES BASED AGREEMENTS, SPECULATIVE FEE AGREEMENTS AND QUALIFIED ONE-WAY COSTS SHIFTING – OVERALL IMPACT OF PACKAGE

28. What is your view on the argument that the reform package removes all risk to pursuers of actions?

We share the concerns stated in this question. We believe the only way to mitigate against the expected increase in claims without merit flowing from this package in isolation, is to introduce compulsory pre-action protocols

29. What is likely to be the overall impact of the package on you or your business? Please quantify, if possible.

If not accompanied by compulsory pre-action protocols we will see an increase in the submission of claims without merit. We are unable to quantify this as we have no insight regarding the level of claims not taken up by Pursuer Solicitors at the present time

- 30. What do you think the impact of the overall package will be on:
- a) The general level of claims?

We anticipate an increase in volumes of claims submitted

b) The general level of litigation?

We anticipate an increase in volumes of claims litigating as there will be more claims without merit

c) The trajectory of claims, and settlement rates?

Claims without merit require more extensive investigation which with finite resources for Defenders and the Court System will lead to delays in settlement of those claims with merit

d) Pursuers of actions?

We believe that the overall impact may be to delay the settlement of claims with merit

e) Defenders of actions?

meritorious Pursuers not receiving damages promptly
f) Pursuers solicitors?
Any increase in costs realised as a result of these proposals will inevitably pass to Pursuer Solicitors
g) Defenders solicitors?
We anticipate increased levels of litigation and associated work for Defenders Solicitors from these proposals as stated in isolation
h) Insurance companies?
Increased cost and delays due to demand on finite resources potentially resulting in meritorious Pursuers not receiving damages promptly. Increased costs will ultimately be passed on by way of increased premiums to private and business consumers
i) Case management companies?
Any increase in costs realised as a result of these proposals will inevitably pass to Claims Management Companies. We believe that these proposals in isolation encourage the growth of adverse activities which England & Wales identified several years ago and the MOJ has actively sought to correct
j) The courts?
We anticipate increased levels of litigation which could overload the Courts and lead to delays in achieving access to justice
k) Scottish Legal Aid Board?
With the expected increase in volume of claims without merit, we anticipate that there may be an increase in the volume of applications for Legal Aid
l) The general public?
Potential for increased insurance premiums and the possibility of loss of confidence in the judicial system appearing to encourage claims without merit
m) Others?
No comment
D. COUNSEL'S FEES
D. COUNSEL STEES
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Sessio Yes No
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Sessio
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Sessio Yes \square No \square
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Sessio Yes No Delease give reasons for your answer
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Sessio Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 32. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the sheriff court for
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Session Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 32. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the sheriff court for those cases where sanction for counsel has been granted? Yes ☑ No ☐
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Session Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 32. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the sheriff court for those cases where sanction for counsel has been granted? Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Session Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 32. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the sheriff court for those cases where sanction for counsel has been granted? Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Sessio Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 32. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the sheriff court for those cases where sanction for counsel has been granted? Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 33. Do you agree that solicitor advocates should be included in this table of fees? Yes ☑ No ☐
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Session Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 32. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the sheriff court for those cases where sanction for counsel has been granted? Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 33. Do you agree that solicitor advocates should be included in this table of fees? Yes ☑ No ☐ Please give reasons for your answer Subject to the Sheriff Court having sanctioned the use of a solicitor advocate in each case 34. Do you agree that the Scottish Civil Justice Council is best placed to develop and maintain the table of fees? Yes ☑ No ☐
31. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the Court of Session Yes No □ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 32. Do you agree that there should be a table of fees introduced for counsel in the sheriff court for those cases where sanction for counsel has been granted? Yes No □ Please give reasons for your answer Transparency & predictability for all parties involved 33. Do you agree that solicitor advocates should be included in this table of fees? Yes No □ Please give reasons for your answer Subject to the Sheriff Court having sanctioned the use of a solicitor advocate in each case 34. Do you agree that the Scottish Civil Justice Council is best placed to develop and maintain the

۵)	Pursuers of actions?
a)	
Trans	sparency & predictability
b)	Defenders of actions?
Trans	sparency & predictability
c)	Solicitors?
	sparency & predictability
d)	Solicitor advocates?
Trans	sparency & predictability
e)	Counsel?
Trans	sparency & predictability
f)	Scottish Legal Aid Board?
Trans	sparency & predictability
g)	Others?
	sparency & predictability

35. What do you think the impact of introducing a table of fees will be on:

CHAPTER 2: PROPOSALS ARISING FROM LORD GILL'S SCOTTISH CIVIL COURTS REVIEW

A. MULTI-PARTY ACTIONS

Option 1

36. What would the impact be on access to justice of introducing a procedure along the lines of option 1?

This would appear to us to be entirely feasible and workable in practice without the complexities and disadvantages of Options 2 & 3 and would improve access to justice

37. Who would be most affected by option 1 and what would that impact look like? Please give reasons for your answers.

Potential Pursuers, as this would provide a better mechanism for access to justice without funding barriers

Option 2

38. What would the impact be on access to justice of introducing a procedure along the lines of option 2?

Negative impact with challenges around opt-out mechanisms & funding – there would unintended consequences in relation to other statutes eg Prescription and Limitation Act creating legal uncertainty for Pursuers and Defenders alike

39. Who would be most affected by option 2 and what would that impact look like?

Defenders and Pursuers for the reasons stated above

40. Do you have any observations on the technical and funding issues raised in relation to option 2? Please give reasons for your answers.

We believe it is too complex with sufficient funding difficulties to make it impractical

0	p	ti	o	n	3

41. Is there a need for 3 rd party bodies without a direct legal interest to have the right to bring class actions on behalf of the group they represent or are existing regulatory mechanisms sufficient? Yes ☐ No ☐
Please give reasons for your answer
This is outside our area of expertise
42. Should 3 rd party bodies without a direct legal interest have access to public funding for litigation through the proposed multi-party action fund? Yes \(\square\$ No \(\square\$
Please give reasons for your answer
This is outside our area of expertise
43. What would the impact be on access to justice of introducing a procedure along the lines of option 3?
Negative impact with challenges around opt-out mechanisms & funding – there would unintended consequences in relation to other statutes eg Prescription and Limitation Act creating legal uncertainty for Pursuers and Defenders alike
44. Who would be most affected by option 3 and what would that impact look like?
Defenders and Pursuers for the reasons stated above
45. Do you have any observations on the technical and funding issues raised in relation to option 3. Please give reasons for your answers.
We believe it is too complex with sufficient funding difficulties to make it impractical
46. Do you support multy-party action option 1 ⊠ option 2 □ or option 3 □ (please check box as appropriate)? Please give reasons for your answers.
We believe this is the only practically feasible option
B. AUDITOR OF COURT
47. What impact will the proposal to make the post of the Auditor of the Court of Session a salaried public appointment have on:
a) The Auditor of the Court of Session?
This is beneficial to all parties as would make the Auditor truly independent and impartial
b) Staff of the Auditor of the Court of Session?
We are not in a position to comment
c) Pursuers of actions?
Transparency of legal process
d) Defenders of actions?
Transparency of legal process
e) Solicitors?
Transparency of legal process
f) Counsel?

Transparency of legal process
g) Scottish Legal Aid Board?
Transparency of legal process
h) Other?
No comment
Please give reasons for your answers
n/a
IVA
48. What impact would the proposal to make the post of auditor in the sheriff court a salaried publi appointment have on:
a) Sheriff court auditors?
This is beneficial to all parties as it would make the Auditor truly independent, impartial and consistent
b) Independent practitioners who currently hold commissions as auditors?
We are unable to comment
c) Pursuers of actions?
Transparency and consistency of legal process
d) Defenders of actions?
Transparency and consistency of legal process
e) Solicitors?
Transparency and consistency of legal process
f) Counsel?
Transparency and consistency of legal process
g) Scottish Legal Aid Board?
Transparency and consistency of legal process
h) Other?
No comment
Please give reasons for your enewers
Please give reasons for your answers
n/a
C. CONDUCT OF LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES
49. Do you support the proposal to make legal representatives personally liable for expenses occasioned by their own conduct? Yes \boxtimes No \square
Please give reasons for your answer.
We agree that the existing power of the Court should be incorporated into statute to provide greater transparency and accountability
50. What impacts do you think that the proposal to make legal representatives personally liable for expenses occasioned by their own conduct will have on you or your organisation?
No comment to make

CHAPTER 3: LEGAL AID PROVISIONS

A. LEGAL AID FOR LEGAL PERSONS

51. Do you agree that these legal aid for legal persons provisions should be taken forward? Yes \square No \boxtimes
Please give reasons for your answer.
We believe that the funds available through Legal Aid should be maintained for the benefit of the vulnerable and those members of society who need it most & have no alternative
52. Do you agree that the Scottish Legal Aid Board should be required to apply the financial eligibility tests set out in paragraph 187 above? Yes \(\square\) No \(\square\)
Please give reasons for your answer.
No comment
B. Funder of Last Resort
53. Do you agree that the Legal Aid Fund should only be used as a funder of last resort in respect of civil litigation? Yes \boxtimes No \square
Please give reasons for your answer
In times when the Legal Aid budget is under pressure we believe it is appropriate that the funds available are as a last resort for the people that need it most
CHAPTER 4: ASSESSING THE IMPACT
EQUALITY
Please tell us about any potential impacts, either positive or negative, you feel any of the proposals for the Bill may have on particular groups of people, with reference to the "protected characteristics" listed above.
No comment
BUSINESS AND REGULATION
Please tell us about any potential costs or savings that may occur as a result of the proposals for the Bill, and any increase or reduction in the burden of regulation for any sector. Please be as specific as possible.
No Comment